

# DEQ Certification Class Presentations

**Class presentations are provided for study/review purposes only. Printouts of these PowerPoint slides will not be allowed into the exam testing centers.**

**August 2024**

# Exercise 5

## Bringing It All Together

# Exercise 5: Bringing It All Together

Given:

- Existing and proposed site plans
- Booklet containing narrative and design details
- Details for each proposed P-BMP

## **Hint!**

**Use your previous exercises to help find the answers**

Exercise materials:    Plan sheets  
                                 Industrial Park Narrative Booklet  
                                 P-BMP specifications

# Exercise 5 Materials

In your participant guide

- Exercise 5 instructions
  - Use this sheet to jot down your observations and notes

Exercise 5: Group Exercise	
<b>GIVEN:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>The site stormwater management plan, including plan sheets and a narrative booklet.</li></ul>	
<b>EVALUATE AND DETERMINE:</b>	
1.	Post-development total phosphorus load and reduction required?
2.	Site treatment volume and average efficiency needed?
3a.	Allowable discharge for the one-year storm from the site?
3b.	Are the channel protection criteria (energy balance) satisfied?
4.	Are there any issues associated with the proposed BMPs?
<i>Permeable Pavement (P-FIL-03)</i>	
<i>Dry Swale (P-CNV-02)</i>	
<i>Cistern (Rainwater Harvesting, P-BAS-04)</i>	

Exercise 5  
Plan Reviewer for Stormwater Management (v5.0)

Page 1

# Exercise 5 Materials

BMP specifications for:

- Permeable pavement (P-FIL-03)
- Dry swale (P-CNV-02)
- Cistern (P-BAS-04)
- Extended detention (P-BAS-04)

The screenshot displays the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) website. The browser address bar shows the URL: <https://online.encodeplus.com/regs/deq-va/doc-viewer.aspx#secid-1130>. The website header includes the DEQ logo and navigation links: HOME, DEQ, DEQ STORMWATER, VRRM, MTDS, COMMENT, and SEARCH. A left sidebar contains a table of contents with links to various BMP sections, including P-FIL-05 Bioretention, P-FIL-06 Filtering Practices, P-FIL-07 Sheet Flow to Vegetated Filter Strip or Cons, P-FIL-08 Soil Compost Amendment, P-FIL-09 Tree Planting, P-SUP-01 Earthen Embankment, P-SUP-02 Principal Spillways, P-SUP-03 Vegetated Emergency Spillway, P-SUP-06 Pre-Treatment, P-SUP-07 Quantity Only Approach to BMPs, P-SUP-08 Permanent Level Spreader, Chapter 9 BMP Construction, Chapter 10 BMP Inspection and Maintenance, Appendix A Hydrologic and Hydraulic Methods and Comp, Appendix B Virginia Runoff Reduction Method, Appendix C Soil Characterization and Infiltration Testing, Appendix D Stormwater Hot Spots, Appendix E Site Assessment and Design Guidelines for S, and Appendix F Stormwater Design. The main content area is titled "P-FIL-05 Bioretention" and includes a "1.0 Definition" section and a "2.0 Purpose and Applicability of Best Management Practice" section. The "1.0 Definition" section states: "Bioretention is a method of treating stormwater by pooling water on the surface of a vegetated media system and allowing filtering and settling of suspended solids and sediment at the top mulch layer, prior to infiltrating and passing through the underlying biofiltration media, so that further pollutant removal via a range of biogeochemical processes occurs. As such, bioretention areas are shallow stormwater basins or landscaped areas that utilize engineered soil media and vegetation to retain and sequentially treat stormwater runoff via a combination of mechanisms before its discharge to local surfacewater or groundwater." The "2.0 Purpose and Applicability of Best Management Practice" section states: "Bioretention can be used harmoniously with any land use. Bioretention offers many different design alternatives that make it a versatile practice for use within various locations in the development site. Typical locations for bioretention include the following:" followed by a bulleted list: "• **Parking lot islands.** The parking lot grading is designed for sheet flow towards linear landscaping areas and parking islands between rows of spaces. Curb-less pavement edges can be used to convey water into a depressed island landscaping area. Curb cuts can also be used for this purpose." "• **Parking lot edge.** Small parking lots can be graded so that flows reach a curb-less pavement edge or curb cut before reaching catch basins or storm drain inlets. The turfgrass at the edge of the parking lot functions as a filter strip to provide pre-treatment for the bioretention practice. The depression for bioretention is in the pervious area adjacent to the parking lot." "• **Road medians, roundabouts, interchanges, and cul-de-sacs.** The road cross-section is designed to slope towards the center median or center island rather than the outer edge, using a curb-less edge."

# Exercise 5 Materials

## Virginia Runoff Reduction Method (VRRM) 4.1 New Development Spreadsheet

DEQ Virginia Runoff Reduction Method New Development Compliance Spreadsheet - Version 4.1

Project Name:  CLEAR ALL (X) (Y) (Z) (V) (U) (T) (S) (R) (Q) (P) (O) (N) (M) (L) (K) (J) (I) (H) (G) (F) (E) (D) (C) (B) (A) (Z) (Y) (X) (W) (V) (U) (T) (S) (R) (Q) (P) (O) (N) (M) (L) (K) (J) (I) (H) (G) (F) (E) (D) (C) (B) (A)

Date:

BRP Design Specifications List: 2024 State & Spec

Site Information

ENTER AREAS IN DATA INPUT CELLS FOR RESULTS

Post-Development Project (Treatment Volume and Loads)

Land Cover (acres)

	A Soils	B Soils	C Soils	D Soils	Total
Forest (acres) - undisturbed, protected forest or adjacent forest					0.00
Mixed Open (acres) - undisturbed infrequently managed areas or Managed Turf (acres) - disturbed, graded for roads or other lot to be					0.00
Impervious Cover (acres)					0.00
					0.00

Post-Development Requirement for Site Area

TP Load Reduction Required (lb/yr)  -

LAND COVER SUMMARY - POST DEVELOPMENT

Land Cover Summary		Treatment Volume and Nutrient Loads	
Forest Cover (acres)	0.00	Treatment Volume (acre-ft)	0.0000
Weighted % Forest	0.00	Treatment Volume (inches feet)	0
% Forest	0%	TP Load (lb/yr)	0.00
Mixed Open (acres)	0.00	% Load (lb/yr)	0.00
Weighted % Mixed Open	0.00		
% Mixed Open	0%		
Managed Turf Cover (acres)	0.00		
Weighted % Turf	0.00		
% Managed Turf	0%		
Impervious Cover (acres)	0.00		
% Impervious	0.00		
% Impervious	0%		
Site Area (acres)	0.00		
Site %	0.00		

- **Narrative booklet**
- **Plan sheets (PDF):**
  - Existing and proposed site
  - BMP detail sheets (4)  
(permeable pavement, dry swale, cistern, extended detention)



# Narrative Booklet

August 2024 Revisions

Industrial Park Design

Narrative and Details

T&L COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT

DEQ DESIGN & ASSOCIATES





# Proposed



STATE OF NEW YORK			
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS			
STATE PLANNING BOARD			
CONCEPT 3			
THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGETARY PROCESS (CONTINUED)			
ESTIMATING CASH FLOW			
20	RECEIPTS	BY	DATE
APPROVED BY STATE PLANNING BOARD			
SCALE: 1"=1 MILE SHEET NO. 1 OF 1 PROJECT NO. 1001			

# Exercise 5: Bringing It All Together

Review a set of plans and determine:

1. Post-development total phosphorus load and reduction required
2. Site treatment volume and average efficiency needed
3. Allowable discharge for the one-year storm from the site and whether energy balance criteria are satisfied (*channel protection criteria*)
4. Any issues associated with proposed BMPs

# Question 1

- Narrative booklet, p. 8
- Appendix A, p. 11
- Proposed plan sheet (area summary)

Post-development total phosphorus load and reduction required:

# Question 1

- Narrative booklet, p. 8
- Appendix A, p. 11
- Proposed plan sheet (area summary)

Post-development total phosphorus load and reduction required:

- ☐ Did they include a water quality compliance summary?
- ☐ Verify project areas listed on plan sheets correspond with spreadsheet summary
- ☐ Verify total phosphorus load and reduction requirement

# Question 1

- Narrative booklet, p. 8
- Appendix A, p. 11
- Proposed plan sheet (area summary)

Post-development total phosphorus load and reduction required:

- ☒ Did they include a water quality compliance summary?
- ☐ Verify project areas listed on plan sheets correspond with spreadsheet summary
- ☐ Verify total phosphorus load and reduction requirement

# Narrative Booklet, Page 12

## DEQ Virginia Runoff Reduction Method New Development Compliance Spreadsheet - Version 4.1

BMP Design Specifications List: 2024 Stds & Specs

### Site Summary

Project Title: NA

Date: NA

### Site Land Cover Summary

	A soils	B Soils	C Soils	D Soils	Totals	% of Total
Forest (acres)	0.00	0.00	3.25	0.00	3.25	49
Mixed Open (acres)	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.25	4
Managed Turf (acres)	0.00	0.00	1.25	0.00	1.25	19
Impervious Cover (acres)	0.00	0.00	1.95	0.00	1.95	29
					6.70	100

### Site Tv and Land Cover Nutrient Loads

Site Rv	0.34
Treatment Volume (ft <sup>3</sup> )	0
TP Load (lb/yr)	2.97
TN Load (lb/yr)	38.97

Total TP Load Reduction Required (lb/yr)	0.00
--	------

### Site Compliance Summary

Total Runoff Volume Reduction (ft <sup>3</sup> )	2,981
Total TP Load Reduction Achieved (lb/yr)	1.31
Total TN Load Reduction Achieved (lb/yr)	16.45
Remaining Post Development TP Load (lb/yr)	1.66
Remaining TP Load Reduction (lb/yr) Required	0.00

**\*\* TARGET TP REDUCTION EXCEEDED BY 0.09 LB/YEAR \*\***



# Narrative Booklet, Page 8

## 7 Compliance Summary

Several measures were taken to reduce the impact of the proposed development on the downstream areas. A summary is provided below.

**Table 7-1: Water Quality Compliance Summary**

Post-development Load (lbs/yr)	Required Load Reduction (lbs/yr)	Provided Load Reduction (lbs/yr)	Post-development Adjusted Load (lbs/yr)
2.97	1.23	1.31	1.66

The BMPs collectively reduce TP by 1.31 lb/yr which exceeds the reduction requirement of 1.23 lb/yr. The Water quantity compliance is assessed at the single outlet point from the site, the existing culvert that is located along Landry Lane. The channel protection summary is provided in the table below:



# Proposed Plan Sheet

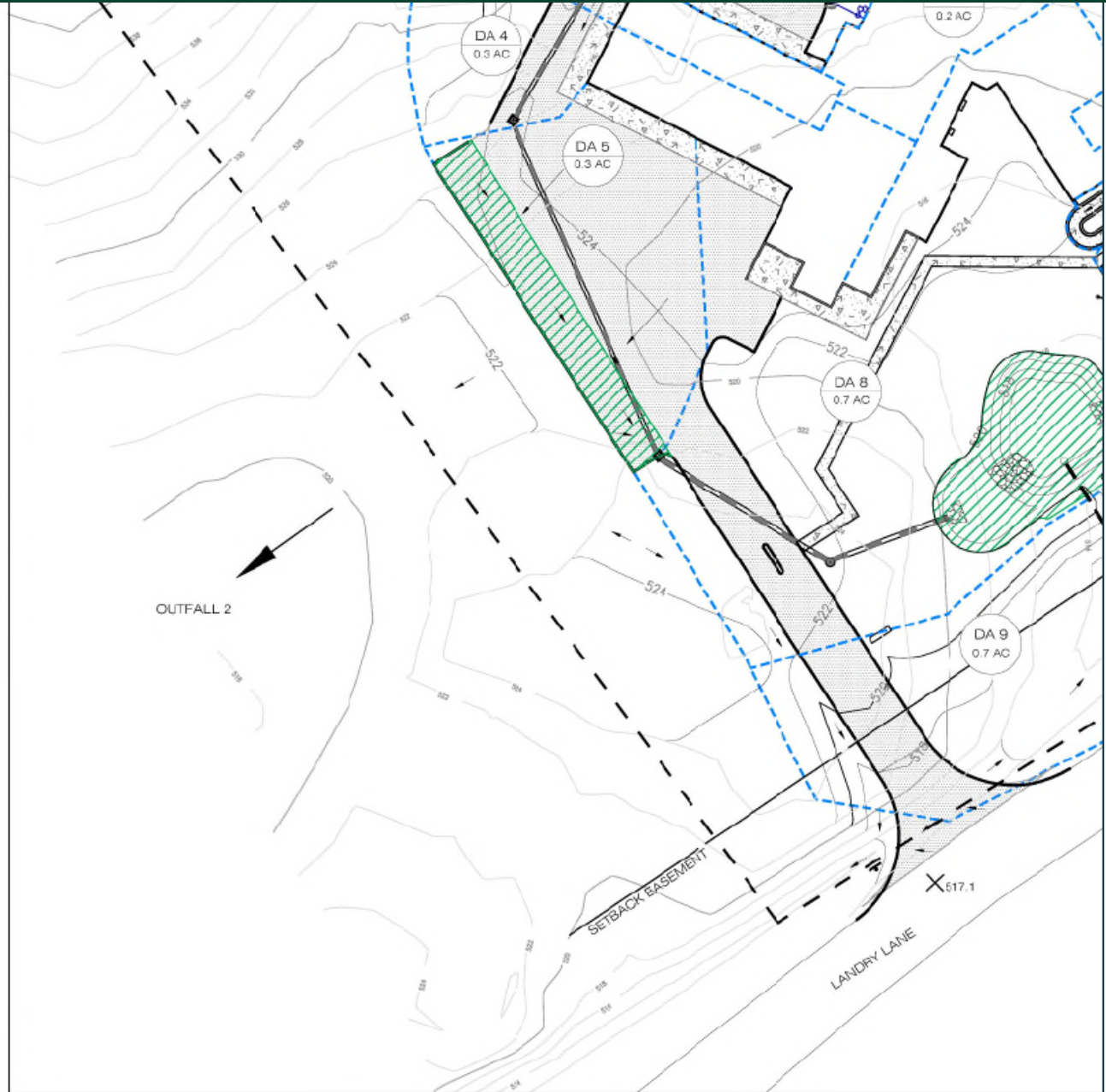
## PROPOSED PROJECT AREA DATA:

PROJECT AREA 6.7 ACRES ±  
 OPEN SPACE (PROJECT LIMITS) 3.50 ACRES ±  
 MANAGED TURF (PROJECT LIMITS) 1.25 ACRES ±  
 IMPERVIOUS (PROJECT LIMITS) 1.95 ACRES ±  
 CURVE NUMBER 79

### PROPOSED SITE DATA

DA	AREA (AC)	TREATMENT IN DA?	TREATMENT	IMPERVIOUS AREA (AC)	OPEN SPACE (AC)	MANAGED TURF (AC)
1	0.90	NO	-	0.10	0.75	0.05
2	0.20	YES	CISTERN	0.20	0.00	0.00
3	0.30	NO	-	0.1	0.20	0.00
4	0.27	NO	-	0.15	0.07	0.05
5	0.30	YES	PERM. PAVEMENT	0.3	0.00	0.00
6	1.80	YES	DRY SWALE	0.65	0.65	0.50
7	0.20	YES	PERM. PAVEMENT	0.2	0.00	0.00
8	0.70	YES*	EXTENDED DETENTION	0.2	0.00	0.50
9	0.66	NO	-	0.05	0.46	0.15
TOTAL	5.3	-	-	1.95	2.13	1.25

NOTE: ASSUME 5 MINUTES FOR TIME OF CONCENTRATION FOR EACH WATERSHED. ASSUME ALL SOILS ARE 'C.'  
 \*BICRETETNION IN DA 8 CAPTURES DRAINAGE FROM DAS 1-7 AS WELL, THESE ADDITIONAL AREAS ARE NOT INCLUDED IN THE DA 8 AREA.



# Question 1

Post-development total phosphorus load and reduction required:

- ☒ Did they include a water quality compliance summary?
- ☐ Do the project areas listed on plan sheets correspond with spreadsheet summary
- ☐ Verify total phosphorus load and reduction requirement

DEQ Virginia Runoff Reduction Method New Development Compliance Spreadsheet - Version 4.1

Project Name:  CLEAR ALL (ESC+DEL)

Date:

IMF Design Specifications (M1: 2024 Std & Specs)

Site Information

ENTER AREAS IN DATA INPUT CELLS FOR RESULTS

Post-Development Project (Treatment Volume and Loads)

Land Cover (acres)	A Soils	B Soils	C Soils	D Soils	Total
Forest (acres) - undisturbed, protected forest or reforested land					0.00
Mixed Open (acres) - undisturbed/infrequently disturbed grass or shrub land					0.00
Managed turf (acres) - discolors, graded for yards or other turf to be mowed/maintained					0.00
Impervious Cover (acres)					0.00
					0.00

Post-Development Requirement for Site Area

TP Load Reduction Required (lb/yr)  -

LAND COVER SUMMARY -- POST DEVELOPMENT

Land Cover Summary	Treatment Volume and Nutrient Loads
Forest (acres)	Treatment Volume (acre ft)
0.00	0.0000
Weighted for Forest	Treatment Volume (cubic feet)
0.00	0
% Forest	TP Load (lb/yr)
0%	0.00
Mixed Open (acres)	TP Load (lb/yr)
0.00	0.00

# Question 1

Post-development total phosphorus load and reduction required:

- ☒ Did they include a water quality compliance summary?
- ☒ Do the project areas listed on plan sheets correspond with spreadsheet summary
- ☐ Verify total phosphorus load and reduction requirement

DEQ Virginia Runoff Reduction Method New Development Compliance Spreadsheet - Version 4.1

Project Name:  CLEAR ALL (ESC+DEL)

Date:  IMP Design Specifications (IMP 2024 Std & Specs)

Site Information

ENTER AREAS IN DATA INPUT CELLS FOR RESULTS

Post-Development Project (Treatment Volume and Loads)

Land Cover (acres)	A Soils	B Soils	C Soils	D Soils	Total
Forest (acres) - undisturbed, protected forest or reforested land					0.00
Mixed Open (acres) - undisturbed/infrequently disturbed grass or shrub land					0.00
Managed turf (acres) - discolors, graded for yards or other turf to be mowed/maintained					0.00
Impervious Cover (acres)					0.00

Post-Development Requirement for Site Area

TP Load Reduction Required (lb/yr)

LAND COVER SUMMARY - POST DEVELOPMENT

Land Cover Summary	Treatment Volume and Nutrient Loads
Forest (acres)	Treatment Volume (acre ft)
Mixed Open (acres)	Treatment Volume (acre ft)
Managed turf (acres)	TP Load (lb/yr)
Impervious Cover (acres)	TP Load (lb/yr)

# Verify Phosphorous Load and Required Reduction

## Land Cover (acres)

	A Soils	B Soils	C Soils	D Soils	Totals
Forest (acres) -- undisturbed, protected forest or reforested land			3.25		3.25 *
Mixed Open (acres) -- undisturbed/infrequently maintained grass or shrub land			0.25		0.25
Managed Turf (acres) -- disturbed, graded for yards or other turf to be mowed/managed			1.25		1.25
Impervious Cover (acres)			1.95		1.95
					6.70

\* Forest and Mixed Open areas must be protected in accordance with the Virginia Runoff Reduction Method

## Post-Development Requirement for Site Area

TP Load Reduction Required (lb/yr)

1.23

Phosphorus reduction  
requirement  
= 1.23

## LAND COVER SUMMARY -- POST DEVELOPMENT

Land Cover Summary		Treatment Volume and Nutrient Loads	
Forest Cover (acres)		Treatment Volume (acre-ft)	0.1908
Weighted Rv (forest)		Treatment Volume (cubic feet)	8,313
% Forest		TP Load (lb/yr)	2.97
Mixed Open (acres)		TN Load (lb/yr)	38.97
Weighted Rv (mixed open)			
% Mixed Open	4%		
Managed Turf Cover (acres)	1.25		
Weighted Rv (turf)	0.22		
% Managed Turf	19%		
Impervious Cover (acres)	1.95		

Phosphorous load  
discharged from site  
= 2.97 lbs/yr

# Question 2

Target (or Site) treatment volume and average efficiency needed?

DEQ Virginia Runoff Reduction Method New Development Compliance Spreadsheet - Version 4.1

Project Name:

Date:

BMP Design Specifications Edit: 2024 Stds & Specs

**CLEAR ALL**  
(Ctrl+Shift+R)

data input cells  
constant values  
calculation cells  
final results

### Site Information

ENTER AREAS IN DATA INPUT CELLS FOR RESULTS

#### Post-Development Project (Treatment Volume and Loads)

Land Cover (acres)

	A Soils	B Soils	C Soils	D Soils	Totals
Forest (acres) -- undisturbed, protected forest or reforested land					0.00
Mixed Open (acres) -- undisturbed/inrequently maintained grass or shrub land					0.00
Managed Turf (acres) -- disturbed, graded for yards or other turf to be mowed/managed					0.00
Impervious Cover (acres)					0.00
					0.00

#### Post-Development Requirement for Site Area

TP Load Reduction Required (lb/yr)

#### LAND COVER SUMMARY -- POST DEVELOPMENT

Land Cover Summary		Treatment Volume and Nutrient Loads	
Forest Cover (acres)	0.00	Treatment Volume (acre-ft)	0.0000
Weighted Rv (Forest)	0.00	Treatment Volume (cubic feet)	0
% Forest	0%	TP Load (lb/yr)	0.00
Mixed Open (acres)	0.00	TN Load (lb/yr)	0.00



# Proposed Total Phosphorous Load and Required Reduction

## Land Cover (acres)

	A Soils	B Soils	C Soils	D Soils	Totals
Forest (acres) -- undisturbed, protected forest or reforested land			3.25		3.25 *
Mixed Open (acres) -- undisturbed/infrequently maintained grass or shrub land			0.25		0.25
Managed Turf (acres) -- disturbed, graded for yards or other turf to be mowed/managed			1.25		
Impervious Cover (acres)			1.95		

\* Forest and Mixed Open areas must be protected in accordance with the Virginia Runoff Reduction Method

Average efficiency  
= Reduction required  
÷ phosphorous load

## Post-Development Requirement for Site Area

TP Load Reduction Required (lb/yr)

1.23

= 1.23/2.97  
= 41%

## LAND COVER SUMMARY -- POST DEVELOPMENT

### Land Cover Summary

Forest Cover (acres)	3.25
Weighted Rv (forest)	0.04
% Forest	49%
Mixed Open (acres)	0.25
Weighted Rv (mixed open)	0.13
% Mixed Open	4%
Managed Turf Cover (acres)	1.25
Weighted Rv (turf)	0.22
% Managed Turf	19%
Impervious Cover (acres)	1.95

### Treatment Volume and Nutrient Loads

Treatment Volume (acre-ft)	0.1908
Treatment Volume (cubic feet)	8,313
TP Load (lb/yr)	2.97
TN Load (lb/yr)	38.97

Site treatment volume  
= 8,231 cubic feet

# Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

- Narrative booklet p.4, 9

- Appendix B, p. 16

- a. Allowable discharge from site for a one-year storm?
- b. Is energy balance criteria satisfied?

Evaluate the energy balance calculation shown in the narrative booklet.

Is the allowable release rate calculated correctly?

# Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

- Narrative booklet p.4, 9  
- Appendix B, p. 16

- a. Allowable discharge from site for a one-year storm?



# Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

- a. Allowable discharge from site for a one-year storm?

Allowable discharge is 4.1 cubic feet per second (cfs)

Table 7-2: Water Quantity, Channel Protection Compliance Summary

$Q_{Pre, 1 year}$ (cfs)	$V_{Pre, 1 year}$ (Ac-ft)	$Q_{Allowable, 1 year}$ (cfs)	$Q_{Post, 1 year}$ (cfs)	$V_{Post, 1 year}$ (Ac-ft)
3.62	0.43	4.1	3.56	0.38

The channel protection criteria are met as 3.56 cfs is less than the allowable 1-year peak discharge of 4.1 cfs. The flood protection criteria is summarized below:

Narrative Booklet, p. 9 *(Compliance Summary)*

# Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

- Narrative booklet p.4, 9

- Appendix B, p. 16

- a. Allowable discharge from site for a one-year storm? **4.1 cfs**
- b. Is energy balance criteria satisfied?

Evaluate the energy balance calculation shown in the narrative booklet.

Is the allowable release rate calculated correctly?

# Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

Existing discharge  
is 3.62 cfs

Allowable discharge is 4.1 cfs

Proposed design discharge is 3.56 cfs

Table 7-2: Water Quantity, Channel Protection Compliance Summary

$Q_{Pre, 1 year}$ (cfs)	$V_{Pre, 1 year}$ (Ac-ft)	$Q_{Allowable, 1 year}$ (cfs)	$Q_{Post, 1 year}$ (cfs)	$V_{Post, 1 year}$ (Ac-ft)
3.62	0.43	4.1	3.56	0.38

The channel protection criteria are met as 3.56 cfs is less than the allowable 1-year peak discharge of 4.1 cfs. The flood protection criteria is summarized below:

Narrative Booklet, p. 9 *(Compliance summary)*

# Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

- Narrative booklet p.4, 9

- Appendix B, p. 16

## 4.2.3 Water Quantity Requirements

A. Channel Protection Requirement - The site drains concentrated stormwater flow into a natural stormwater conveyance system. Therefore, the energy balance equation must be satisfied for the 1-year storm. The energy balance equation is:

$$Q_{1,post} \times V_{post} \leq Q_{1,pre} \times V_{pre}$$

Where **Qpre = 3.6 cfs** and **Vpre = 0.43 Acre-ft**. The Vpost and Qpost shall be less than the product of Qpre and Vpre. Qallowable is 4.1 cfs. See Appendix B for detailed calculations.

Narrative Booklet, p. 4 *(Site Drainage and Hydrology)*

# Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

Energy Balance:

$$Q_{post} \leq Q_{pre} \left( \frac{V_{pre}}{V_{post}} \right)$$

$$= 3.6 \left( \frac{0.43}{0.33} \right)$$

$$= 4.7 \text{ cfs}$$

Problems?

Allowable  $Q_1 > \text{Proposed } Q_1$

# Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

**Energy Balance:**

$$Q_{post} \leq Q_{pre} \left( \frac{V_{pre}}{V_{post}} \right)$$

$$= 3.6 \left( \frac{0.43}{0.33} \right)$$

$$= 4.7 \text{ cfs}$$

**Allowable  $Q_1$  > Proposed  $Q_1$**

Used energy balance to show compliance

**but did not include improvement factor (IF)**



**Allowable release rate not calculated correctly**

Appendix B, p. 16

# Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

Energy Balance:

$$Q_{post} \leq Q_{pre} \left( \frac{V_{pre}}{V_{post}} \right)$$

$$= 3.6 \left( \frac{0.43}{0.33} \right)$$

$$= 4.7 \text{ cfs}$$

Allowable  $Q_1 > \text{Proposed } Q_1$

What else should we check?

Hint:

What are the inputs for flow and volume?

Appendix B, p. 16

# Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

**Energy Balance:**

$$Q_{post} \leq Q_{pre} \left( \frac{V_{pre}}{V_{post}} \right)$$

$$= 3.6 \left( \frac{0.43}{0.33} \right)$$

$$= 4.7 \text{ cfs}$$

**Allowable  $Q_1 > \text{Proposed } Q_1$**

What else should we check?

Hint:

What are the inputs for flow and volume?

**Precipitation (P)**

**Time of Concentration ( $T_c$ )**

**Curve Number (CN)**

Appendix B, p. 16



# Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

**Table 4-1: Precipitation, 24 hour storm events for select storm events**

	1-year	2-year	10-year	100-year
24-hour total	2.6 in	3.6 in	5.6 in	9.3 in

Precipitation (P) given

Narrative, p. 3

## Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

Pre-development  $T_c = 22$  minutes

Post-development  $T_c = 5$  minutes

Narrative, p. 2–3

# Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

Curve numbers:

What are the  
pre- and post-  
development CNs?

Are they reasonable?

Narrative, p. 2–3

Inputs:



P



Tc



CN

# Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

Curve numbers:

What are the  
pre- and post-  
development CNs?

pre CN = 79    post CN=78

Are they reasonable?

Inputs:



P



Tc



CN

Narrative, p. 2–3

# Channel Protection Compliance

## Appendix B: Water Quantity Calculations

### Existing Conditions:

$$\text{Pre: } S = \frac{1000}{CN} - 10 = \frac{1000}{79} - 10 = 2.7 \text{ in}$$

$$q_{pre} = \frac{(P - 0.2S)^2}{P + 0.8S} = \frac{(2.6 - (0.2 \times 2.7))^2}{2.6 + (0.8 \times 2.7)} = 0.90 \text{ in}$$

$$V_{pre} = q \times A \times \frac{1}{12} = 0.90 \text{ in} \times 5.7 \text{ Ac} \times \frac{1 \text{ ft}}{12 \text{ in}} = \mathbf{0.43 \text{ Acre} - \text{ft}}$$

# Channel Protection Compliance

## 4 Site Drainage and Hydrology

### 4.1 Existing Site Hydrology and Drainage

Currently there is one primary drainage area of approximately 5.8 acres draining the site. It begins just north of the northern edge of the property and flows overland to the existing culvert along the southern edge of the property that drains under Landry Lane, which serves as the outlet from the site. The culvert then outfalls to Harper Creek on the other side of the road. The existing culvert is an 18" concrete pipe that is undersized for the site currently. Large storms every few years flood the road. Flows also exit the pipe at high velocities and have caused severe erosion downstream. The time of concentration ( $T_c$ ) was estimated as 22 minutes and the curve number (CN) equal to 79 based on fair existing site conditions.

# Curve Number

A pre-development curve number of 79 was given

## Runoff Volume and CN Calculations

	1-year storm	2-year storm	10-year storm
Target Rainfall Event (in)	2.60	0.00	0.00

Drainage Areas	RV & CN	Drainage Area A	Drainage Area B	Drainage Area C	Drainage Area D	Drainage Area E
CN		79	0	0	0	0
RR (ft <sup>3</sup> )		2,981	0	0	0	0
1-year return period	RV wo RR (ws-in)	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	RV w RR (ws-in)	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	CN adjusted	76	0	0	0	0
2-year return period	RV wo RR (ws-in)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	RV w RR (ws-in)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	CN adjusted	100	0	0	0	0
10-year return period	RV wo RR (ws-in)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	RV w RR (ws-in)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	CN adjusted	100	0	0	0	0

Using curve numbers in channel and flood protection (now the Runoff Volume and CN tab): composite post-development curve number is 76

# Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

Existing CN: 79

- Based on fair existing site conditions

TR-55 User's Manual

Table 2-2A

curve number for good existing site conditions at most **74**

Narrative, p. 2–3

Inputs:



**For existing conditions**

**- Assume good**



# Question 3 (Channel Protection)

## Appendix B: Water Quantity Calculations

### Existing Conditions:

$$\text{Pre: } S = \frac{1000}{CN} - 10 = \frac{1000}{79} - 10 = 2.7 \text{ in}$$

$$q_{pre} = \frac{(P - 0.2S)^2}{P + 0.8S} = \frac{(2.6 - (0.2 \times 2.7))^2}{2.6 + (0.8 \times 2.7)} = 0.90 \text{ in}$$

$$V_{pre} = q \times A \times \frac{1}{12} = 0.90 \text{ in} \times 5.7 \text{ Ac} \times \frac{1 \text{ ft}}{12 \text{ in}} = \mathbf{0.43 \text{ Acre} - \text{ft}}$$

### Proposed Conditions:

$$\text{Post: } S = \frac{1000}{CN} - 10 = \frac{1000}{76} - 10 = 3.16 \text{ in}$$

$$q_{post} = \frac{(P - 0.2S)^2}{P + 0.8S} = \frac{(2.6 - (0.2 \times 3.16))^2}{2.6 + (0.8 \times 3.16)} = 0.76 \text{ in}$$

$$V_{post} = q \times A \times \frac{1}{12} = 0.76 \text{ in} \times 5.3 \text{ Ac} \times \frac{1 \text{ ft}}{12 \text{ in}} = \mathbf{0.33 \text{ Acre} - \text{ft}}$$

Appendix B, p. 16

Note:

Pre-development  
drainage area  
(DA) = 5.7 acres

Post-  
development  
DA = 5.3 acres

# Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

$$Pre\ S = \left( \frac{1000}{74} \right) - 10 = \left( \frac{1000}{74} \right) - 10 = 3.5\ in$$

$$Q_{1pre} = \left( \frac{(P - 0.2S)^2}{P + 0.8S} \right) = \left( \frac{(2.6 - 0.2 \times 3.5)^2}{2.6 + 0.8 \times 3.5} \right) = 0.67\ in$$

$$Vr_{1pre} = Q \times A \times \frac{1\ ft}{12\ in}$$

$$= 0.67\ in \times 5.7\ ac \times \frac{1\ ft}{12\ in}$$

$$= 0.32\ ac\ ft$$

# Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

Energy Balance:

$$Q_{post} \leq Q_{pre} \left( \frac{V_{pre}}{V_{post}} \right)$$

$$= 3.6 \left( \frac{0.43}{0.33} \right)$$



$$= 4.7 \text{ cfs}$$

Allowable  $Q_1 > \text{Proposed } Q_1$

Pre-development  
volume  
= 0.32 acre feet

Appendix B, p. 16

## Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

$q_{1post}$

$$\leq q_{1pre} \left( \frac{Vr_{1pre}}{Vr_{1post}} \right) (IF)$$

$$= 3.6 \left( \frac{0.32}{0.33} \right) (0.8)$$

$$= 2.8 \text{ cfs}$$



Allowable release rate of 4.1 cubic feet per second is incorrect

# Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

**Proposed design discharge is 3.56 cfs**

**Table 7-2: Water Quantity, Channel Protection Compliance Summary**

<b>Q<sub>Pre</sub>, 1 year (cfs)</b>	<b>V<sub>Pre</sub>, 1 year (Ac-ft)</b>	<b>Q<sub>Allowable</sub>, 1 year (cfs)</b>	<b>Q<sub>Post</sub>, 1 year (cfs)</b>	<b>V<sub>Post</sub>, 1 year (Ac-ft)</b>
3.62	0.43	4.1	3.56	0.33

The channel protection criteria are met as 3.56 cfs is less than the allowable 1-year peak discharge of 4.1 cfs. The flood protection criteria is summarized below:

**Narrative Booklet, p. 9 *(Compliance summary)***

# Question 3 *(Channel Protection)*

$q_{1post}$

$$\leq q_{1pre} \left( \frac{Vr_{1pre}}{Vr_{1post}} \right) (IF)$$

$$= 3.6 \left( \frac{0.32}{0.33} \right) (0.8)$$

$$= 2.8 \text{ cfs}$$

Used energy balance to show compliance

- Proposed design discharge is 3.56 cfs
- Less than existing site discharge of 3.6 cfs



**BUT** not low enough to meet energy balance requirements



Allowable release rate incorrect

**\*\*Does not meet compliance requirements**

# ***P-BMPs:***

*Permeable pavement*

*Cistern*

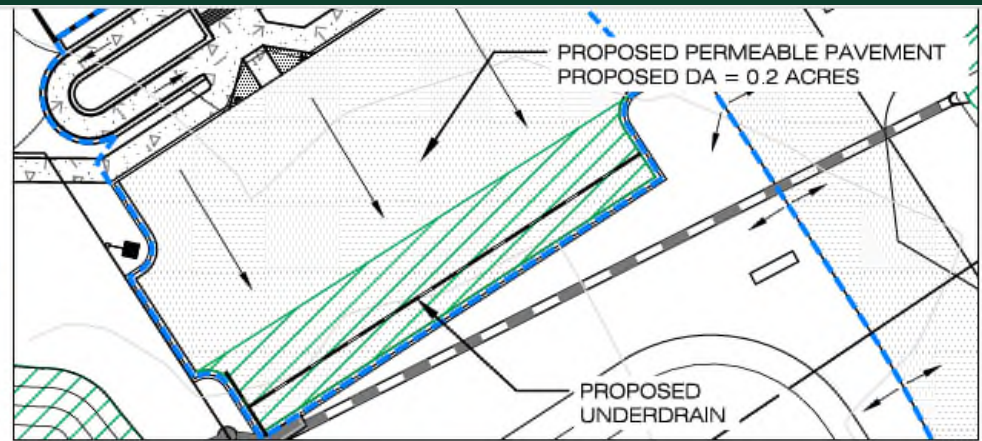
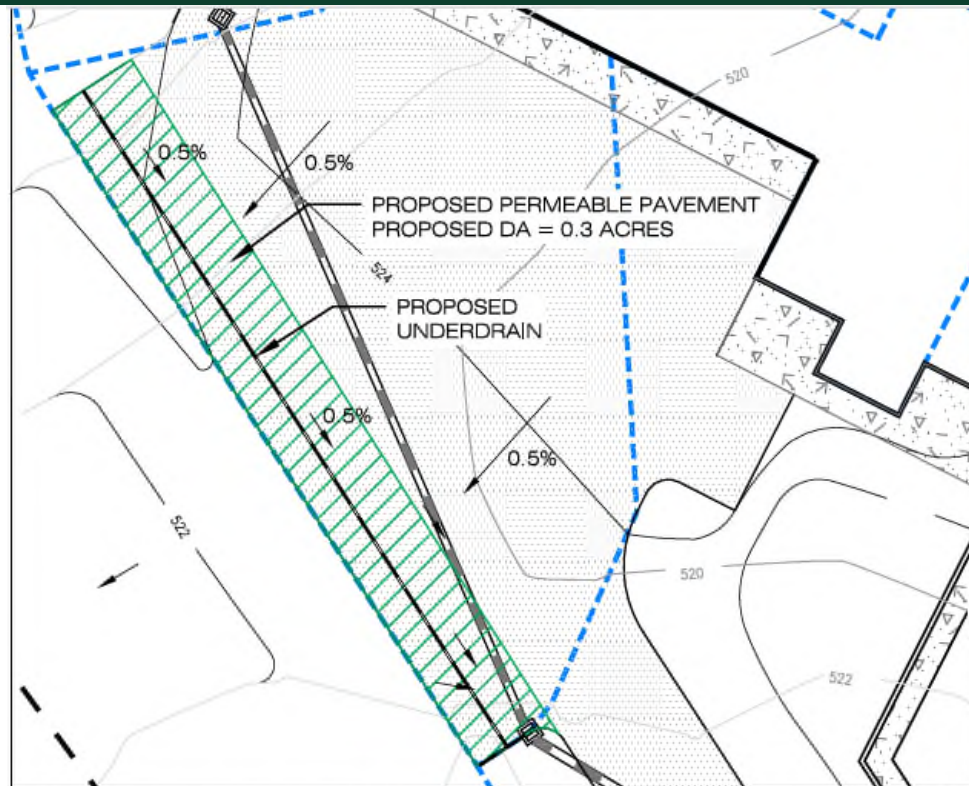
*Dry swale*

*Extended detention pond*



# Permeable Pavement

# Permeable Pavement (P-FIL-03)



**PROPOSED DA 7 CHARACTERISTICS:**  
 AREA = 0.2 ACRES  
 IMPERVIOUS ACREAGE = 0.2 ACRES  
 CURVE NUMBER: 98  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION: 5 MINUTES  
 1 YR DISCHARGE = 0.60 CFS  
 10 YR DISCHARGE = 1.41 CFS

20' 0' 10' 20'



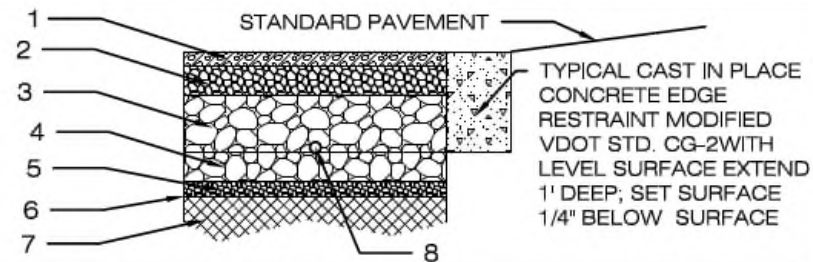
**PROPOSED DA 4 CHARACTERISTICS:**  
 AREA = 0.3 ACRES  
 IMPERVIOUS ACREAGE = 0.3 ACRES  
 CURVE NUMBER: 98  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION: 5 MINUTES  
 1 YR DISCHARGE = 0.42 CFS  
 10 YR DISCHARGE = 1.57 CFS  
**PHOSPHOROUS REDUCTION CALCULATIONS:**  
 LOAD TO BMP = 0.65 LBS  
 EFFICIENCY OF BMP = 25%  
 VOLUME TO BMP = 1035 C.F.  
 RUNOFF REDUCTION BY PRACTICE  
 = 466 C.F.  
 TOTAL PHOSPHOROUS LOAD REDUCTION  
 = 0.38 LB/YR  
 TOTAL PHOSPHOROUS LOAD REMAINING  
 = 0.27 LBS

20' 0' 10' 20'



**PHOSPHOROUS REDUCTION CALCULATIONS (DA7):**  
 LOAD TO BMP = 0.43  
 MASS LOAD EFFICIENCY = 59%  
 VOLUME TO BMP = 689 C.F.  
 RUNOFF REDUCTION BY PRACTICE  
 = 310 C.F.  
 TOTAL PHOSPHOROUS LOAD REDUCTION  
 = 0.25 LB/YR  
 TOTAL PHOSPHOROUS LOAD REMAINING  
 = 0.18 LBS

**PERMEABLE PAVEMENT SIZING (DA7):**  
 DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LEVEL 1  
 DESIGN GUIDELINES  
 CONTRIBUTING TOTAL AREA = 0.2 ACRES  
 SURFACE AREA PROVIDED = 1,706 S.F.  
 Tv PROVIDED = 111 C.F.



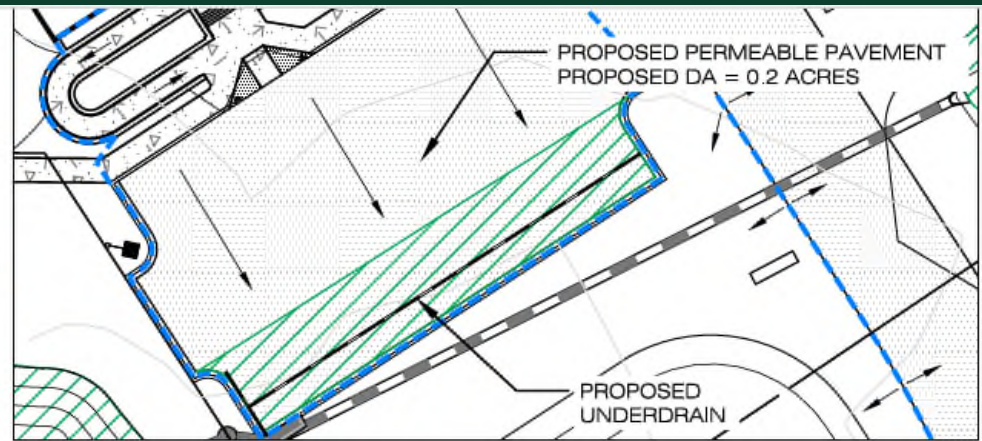
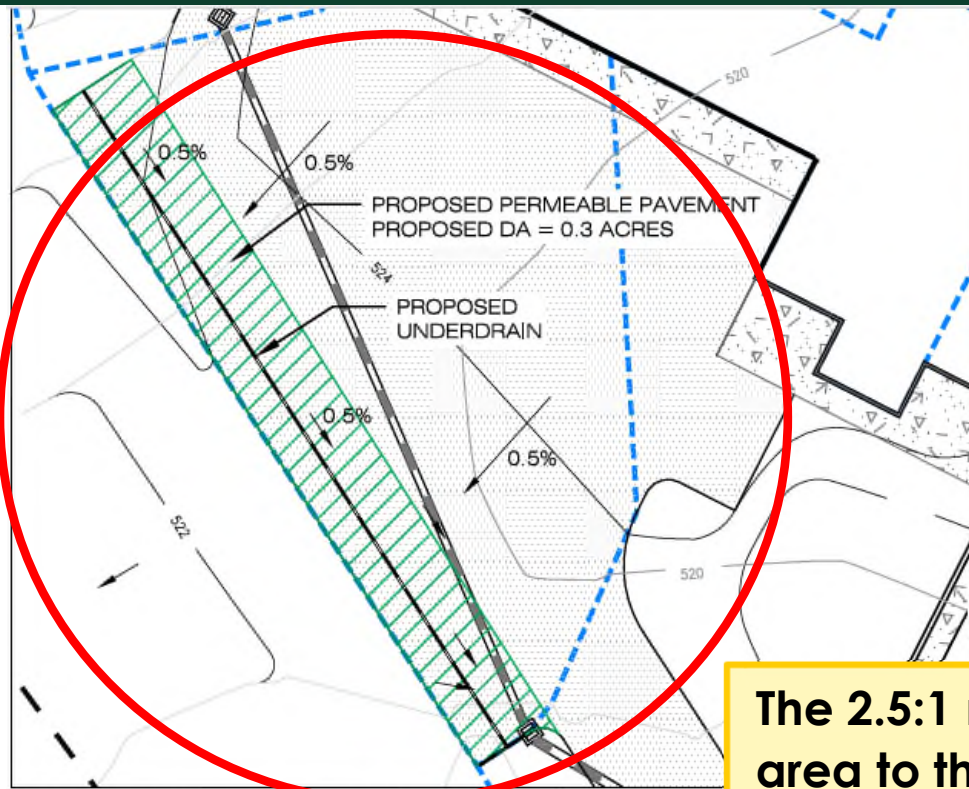
PAVEMENT LAYERS

1	SURFACE LAYER	POROUS ASPHALT
2	BEDDING	4" NO. 57 STONE
3	RESERVOIR	12" NO. 2 STONE
4	INFILTRATION SUMP	SAME AS RESERVOIR LAYER
5	BOTTOM FILTER	4" NO. 8 STONE
6	IMPERMEABLE LINER	NECESSARY DUE TO PLACEMENT ON FILL
7	UNCOMPACTED SUBGRADE	4' TO BE SCARIFIED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION
8	UNDERDRAIN	6" PVC, SCHEDULE 40

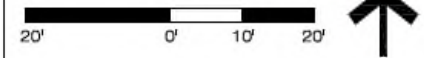
PERMEABLE PAVEMENT TYPICAL CROSS-SECTION



# Permeable Pavement (P-FIL-03)



**PROPOSED DA 7 CHARACTERISTICS:**  
 AREA = 0.2 ACRES  
 IMPERVIOUS ACREAGE = 0.2 ACRES  
 CURVE NUMBER: 98  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION: 5 MINUTES  
 1 YR DISCHARGE = 0.60 CFS  
 10 YR DISCHARGE = 1.41 CFS



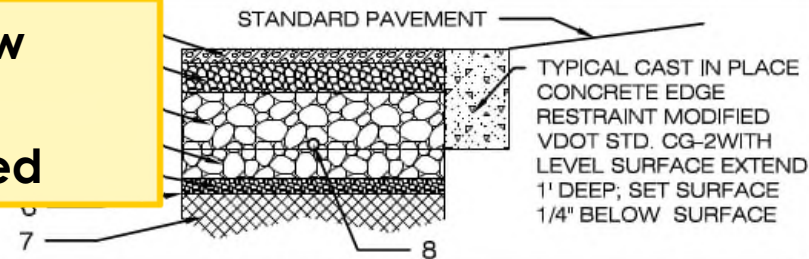
**The 2.5:1 maximum flow area to the permeable pavement is not satisfied**

**PROPOSED DA 4 CHARACTERISTICS:**  
 AREA = 0.3 ACRES  
 IMPERVIOUS ACREAGE = 0.3 ACRES  
 CURVE NUMBER: 98  
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION: 5 MINUTES  
 1 YR DISCHARGE = 0.42 CFS  
 10 YR DISCHARGE = 1.57 CFS  
**PHOSPHOROUS REDUCTION CALCULATIONS:**  
 LOAD TO BMP = 0.65 LBS  
 EFFICIENCY OF BMP = 25%  
 VOLUME TO BMP = 1035 C.F.  
 RUNOFF REDUCTION BY PRACTICE  
 = 466 C.F.  
 TOTAL PHOSPHOROUS LOAD REDUCTION  
 = 0.38 LB/YR  
 TOTAL PHOSPHOROUS LOAD REMAINING  
 = 0.27 LBS

**PERMEABLE PAVEMENT SIZING**  
 DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LEVEL 1  
 DESIGN GUIDELINES  
 CONTRIBUTING TOTAL AREA = 0.3 ACRES  
 SURFACE AREA PROVIDED = 3,030 S.F.  
 Tv PROVIDED = 196 C.F.

**PHOSPHOROUS REDUCTION CALCULATIONS (DA7):**  
 LOAD TO BMP = 0.43  
 MASS LOAD EFFICIENCY = 59%  
 VOLUME TO BMP = 689 C.F.  
 RUNOFF REDUCTION BY PRACTICE  
 = 310 C.F.  
 TOTAL PHOSPHOROUS LOAD REDUCTION  
 = 0.25 LB/YR  
 TOTAL PHOSPHOROUS LOAD REMAINING  
 = 0.18 LBS

**PERMEABLE PAVEMENT SIZING (DA7):**  
 DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LEVEL 1  
 DESIGN GUIDELINES  
 CONTRIBUTING TOTAL AREA = 0.2 ACRES  
 SURFACE AREA PROVIDED = 1,706 S.F.  
 Tv PROVIDED = 111 C.F.

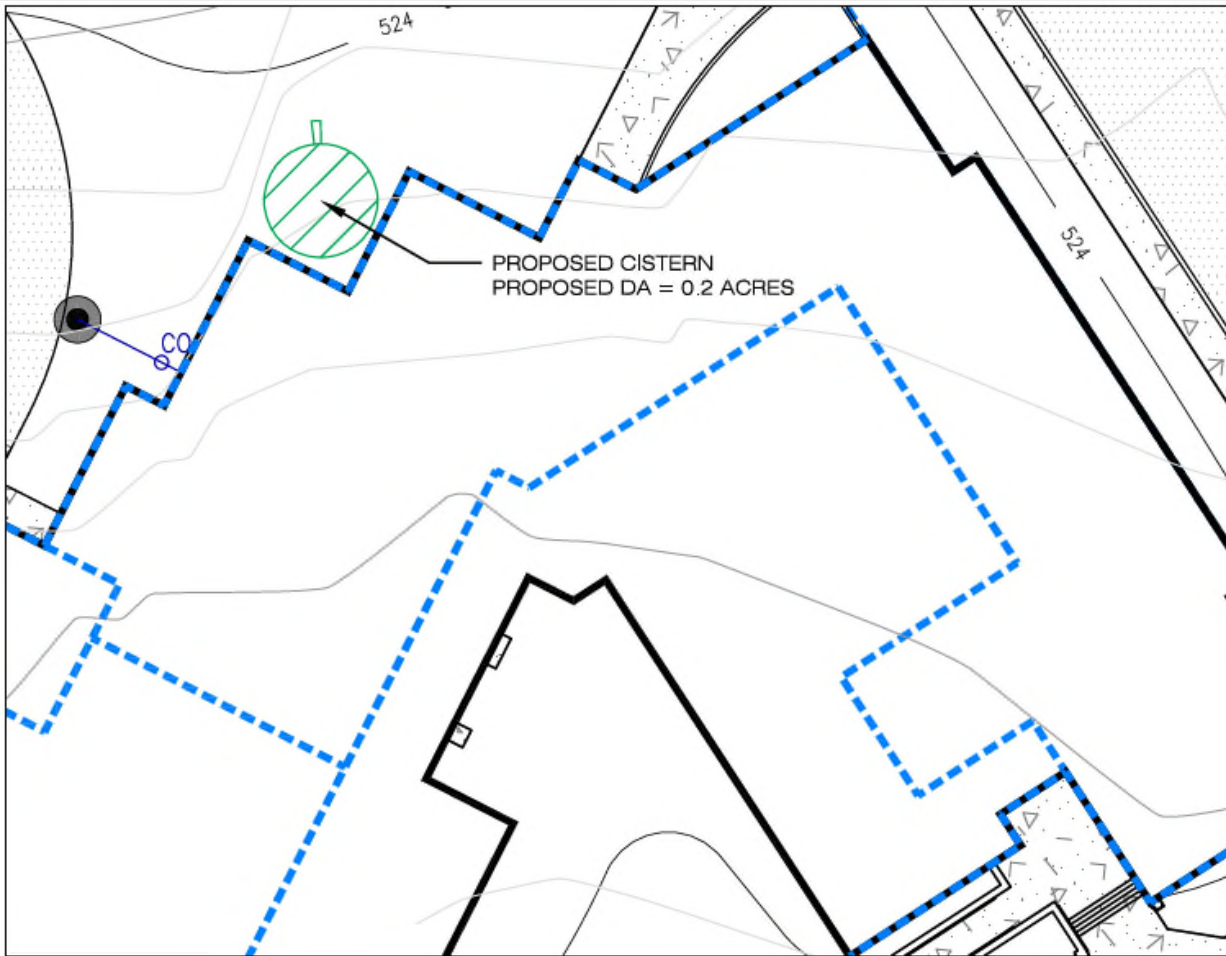


PAVEMENT LAYERS		
1	SURFACE LAYER	POROUS ASPHALT
2	BEDDING	4" NO. 57 STONE
3	RESERVOIR	12" NO. 2 STONE
4	INFILTRATION SUMP	SAME AS RESERVOIR LAYER
5	BOTTOM FILTER	4" NO. 8 STONE
6	IMPERMEABLE LINER	NECESSARY DUE TO PLACEMENT ON FILL
7	UNCOMPACTED SUBGRADE	4' TO BE SCARIFIED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION
8	UNDERDRAIN	6" PVC, SCHEDULE 40

**PERMEABLE PAVEMENT TYPICAL CROSS-SECTION**

# Cistern

# Cistern (P-BAS-04)



## PROPOSED DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS:

AREA = 0.2 ACRES

IMPERVIOUS ACREAGE = 0.2 ACRES

CURVE NUMBER: 98

TIME OF CONCENTRATION: 5 MINUTES

1 YR DISCHARGE = 0.51 CFS

2 YR DISCHARGE = 0.78 CFS

10 YR DISCHARGE = 1.33 CFS

## CISTERN:

DESIGNED USING VA DEQ CISTERN DESIGN SPREADSHEET

ASSUMED:

- 0.2 ACRES OF ROOF DRAINAGE TO CONTRIBUTE TO CISTERN RUNOFF
- ASSUMED THAT MANAGED TURF AREA IN PROJECT SITE WOULD BE IRRIGATED DURING GROWING SEASON
- ASSUMED 70 PEOPLE WORK IN BUILDING

CISTERN REQUIRED TO HAVE 90% EFFICIENCY

Cistern Storage Associated with Design Volume (gallons)	Average Annual Overflow days for storms $\leq 1"$ (days/year)*	Average Annual Overflow Volume for storms $\leq 1"$ (1000's gal/year)*	Runoff Reduction Volume Credit
1,000	39	54	50%
2,000	28	35	67%
3,000	21	24	78%
5,000	12	14	87%
7,000	9	11	90%
10,000	7	8	92%
13,000	5	7	94%
18,000	4	5	95%

ACCORDING TO SPREADSHEET, THE TANK MUST BE 7,000 GALLONS IN ORDER TO BE 90% EFFICIENT

SEE FIGURE 1 ON THIS SHEET TO REVIEW SPREADSHEET TANK ASSUMPTIONS

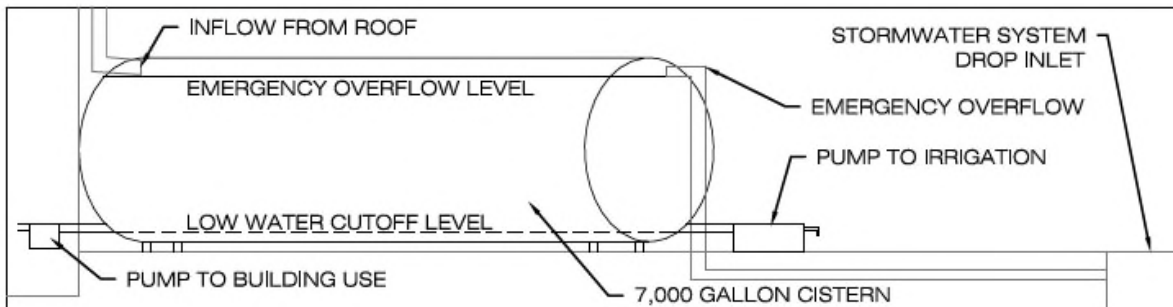
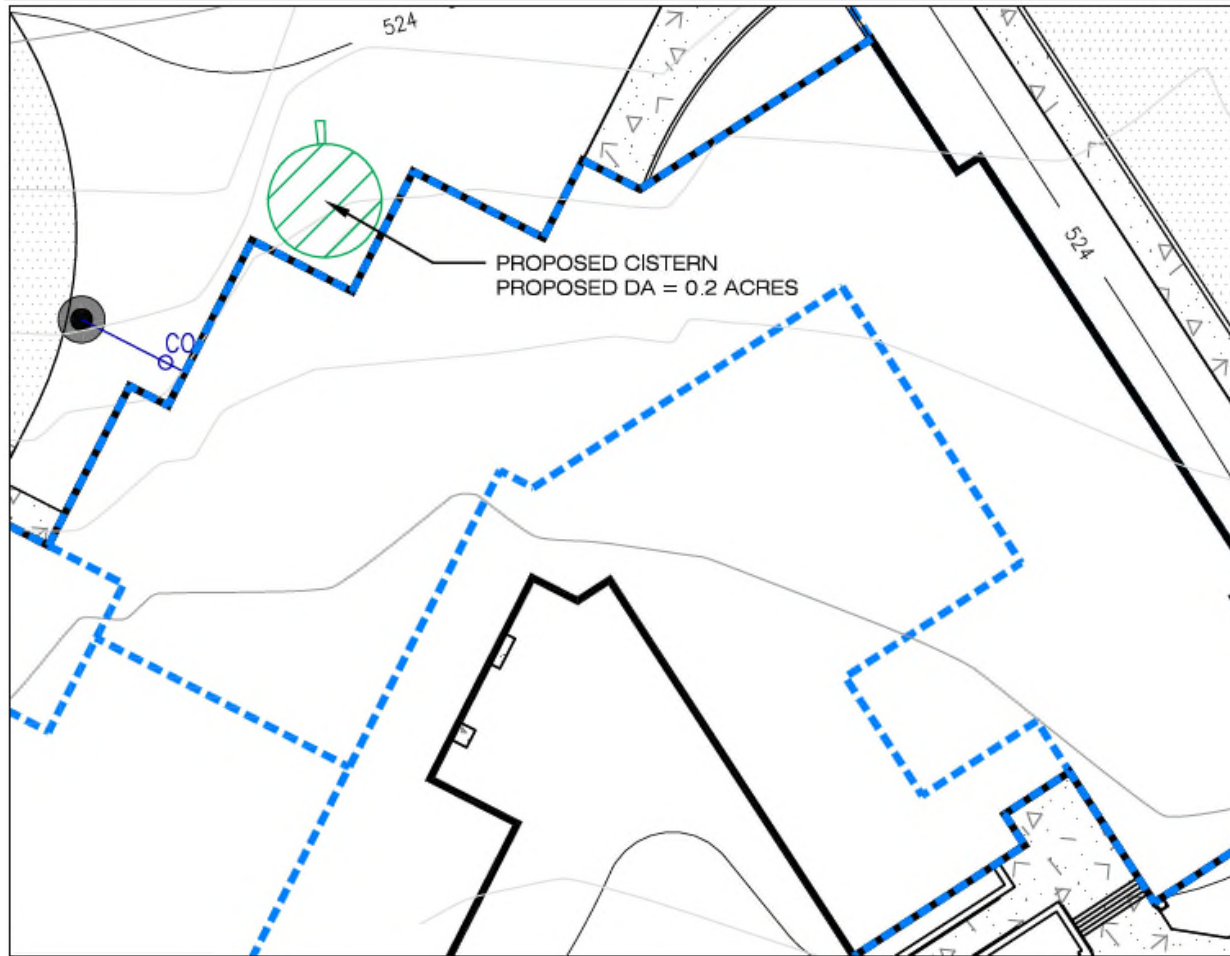


FIGURE 1: CISTERN DESIGN



# Cistern (P-BAS-04)



## PROPOSED DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS:

AREA = 0.2 ACRES

IMPERVIOUS ACREAGE = 0.2 ACRES

CURVE NUMBER: 98

TIME OF CONCENTRATION: 5 MINUTES

1 YR DISCHARGE = 0.51 CFS

2 YR DISCHARGE = 0.78 CFS

10 YR DISCHARGE = 1.33 CFS

## CISTERN:

DESIGNED USING VA DEQ CISTERN DESIGN SPREADSHEET

ASSUMED:

- 0.2 ACRES OF ROOF DRAINAGE TO CONTRIBUTE TO CISTERN RUNOFF

- ASSUMED THAT MANAGED TURF AREA IN PROJECT SITE WOULD BE IRRIGATED DURING GROWING SEASON

- ASSUMED 70 PEOPLE WORK IN BUILDING

CISTERN REQUIRED TO HAVE 90% EFFICIENCY

Cistern Storage Associated with Design Volume (gallons)	Average Annual Overflow days for storms $\leq 1"$ (days/year)*	Average Annual Overflow Volume for storms $\leq 1"$ (1000's gal/year)*	Runoff Reduction Volume Credit

**Note: Specification recommends a soak away pit to meet seasonal demands (such as irrigation). Keep up with the changing regulations to ensure that designers also use the correct requirements for site design. Using old requirements for review may cause the design to be inadequate.**

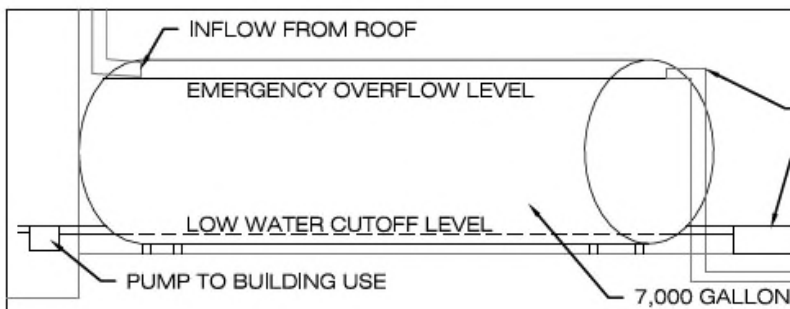
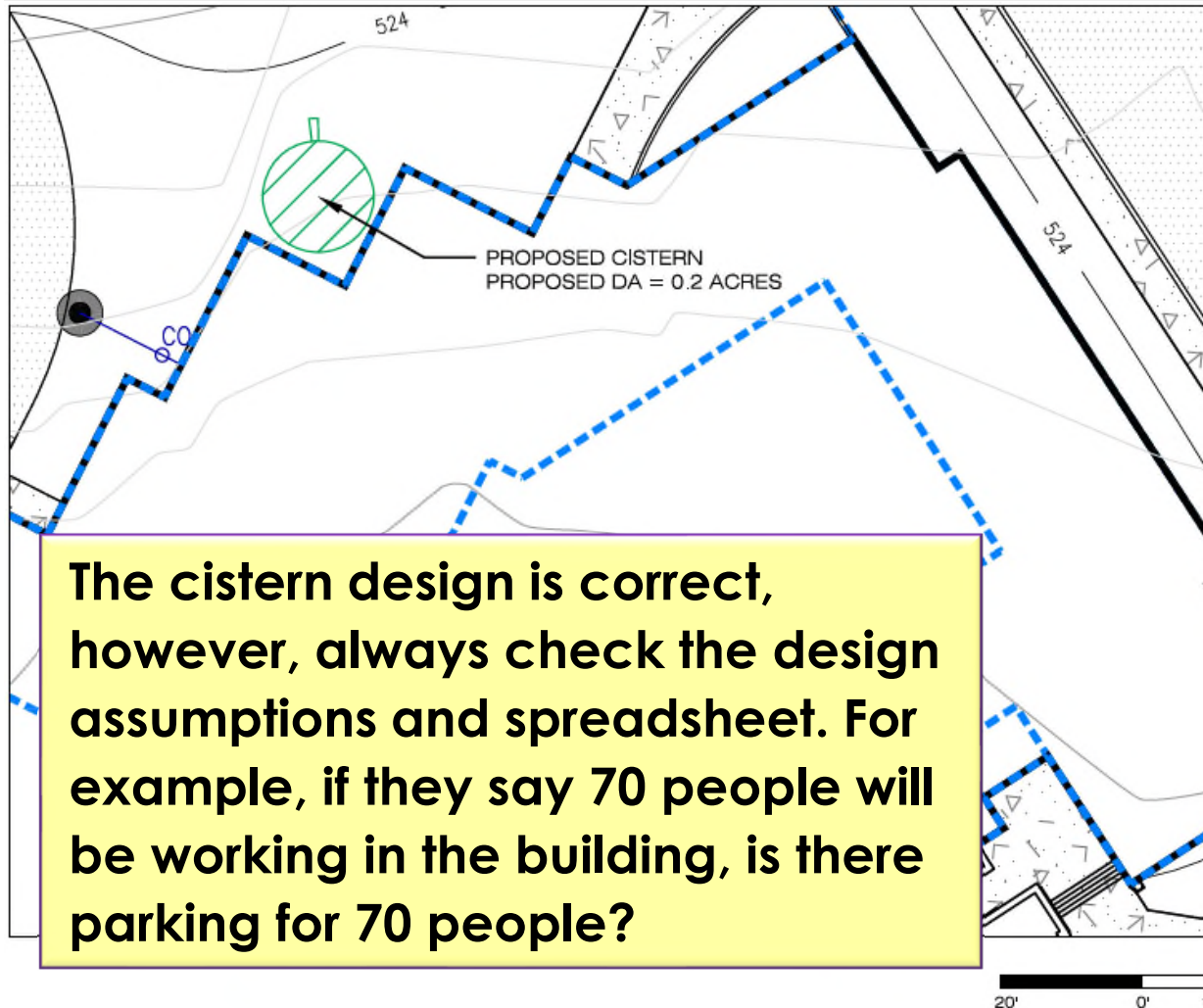


FIGURE 1: CISTERN DESIGN

# Cistern



**The cistern design is correct, however, always check the design assumptions and spreadsheet. For example, if they say 70 people will be working in the building, is there parking for 70 people?**

## PROPOSED DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS:

AREA = 0.2 ACRES

IMPERVIOUS ACREAGE = 0.2 ACRES

CURVE NUMBER: 98

TIME OF CONCENTRATION: 5 MINUTES

1 YR DISCHARGE = 0.51 CFS

2 YR DISCHARGE = 0.78 CFS

10 YR DISCHARGE = 1.33 CFS

## CISTERN:

DESIGNED USING VA DEQ CISTERN DESIGN SPREADSHEET

ASSUMED:

- 0.2 ACRES OF ROOF DRAINAGE TO CONTRIBUTE TO CISTERN RUNOFF
- ASSUMED THAT MANAGED TURF AREA IN PROJECT SITE WOULD BE IRRIGATED DURING GROWING SEASON
- ASSUMED 70 PEOPLE WORK IN BUILDING

CISTERN REQUIRED TO HAVE 90% EFFICIENCY

Cistern Storage Associated with Design Volume (gallons)	Average Annual Overflow days for storms $\leq 1"$ (days/year)*	Average Annual Overflow Volume for storms $\leq 1"$ (1000's gal/year)*	Runoff Reduction Volume Credit
1,000	39	54	50%
2,000	28	35	67%
3,000	21	24	78%
5,000	12	14	87%
7,000	9	11	90%
10,000	7	8	92%
13,000	5	7	94%
18,000	4	5	95%

ACCORDING TO SPREADSHEET, THE TANK MUST BE 7,000 GALLONS IN ORDER TO BE 90% EFFICIENT

SEE FIGURE 1 ON THIS SHEET TO REVIEW SPREADSHEET TANK ASSUMPTIONS

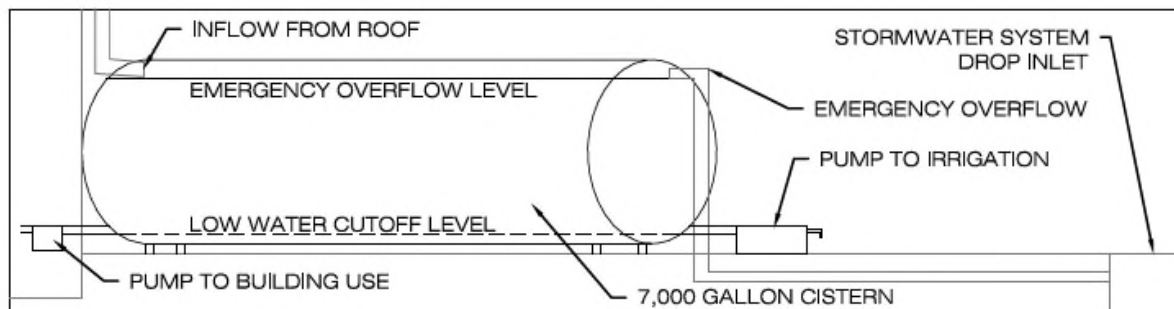
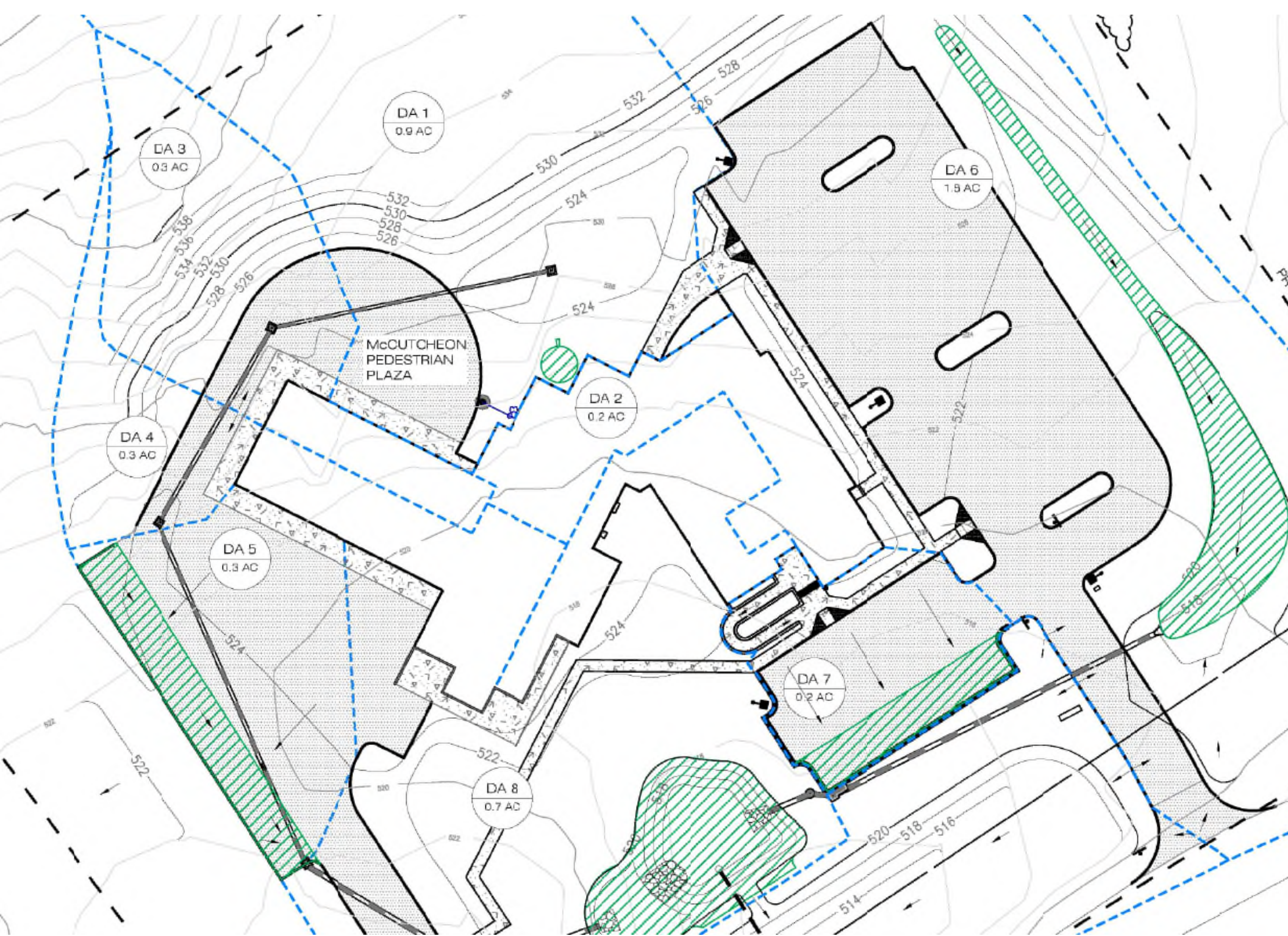


FIGURE 1: CISTERN DESIGN





# Dry Swale



# Dry Swale (P-CNV-02)

## PROPOSED DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS:

AREA = 1.9 ACRES  
IMPERVIOUS ACREAGE = 0.65 ACRES  
OPEN SPACE/ FOREST ACREAGE = 0.65 ACRES  
MANAGED TURF ACREAGE = 0.50 ACRES  
CURVE NUMBER: 81  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION: 5 MINUTES  
1 YR DISCHARGE = 2.33 CFS  
2 YR DISCHARGE = 4.43 CFS  
10 YR DISCHARGE = 9.13 CFS

## PHOSPHOROUS REDUCTION CALCULATIONS:

LOAD TO BMP = 1.66 LBS  
MASS LOADING EFFICIENCY = 76%  
VOLUME TO BMP = 2642 C.F.  
RUNOFF REDUCTION BY PRACTICE  
= 1,585 C.F.  
TOTAL LOAD REDUCTION BY PRACTICE  
= 1.26 LB/YR  
TOTAL PHOSPHOROUS LOAD REMAINING  
= 0.40 LBS

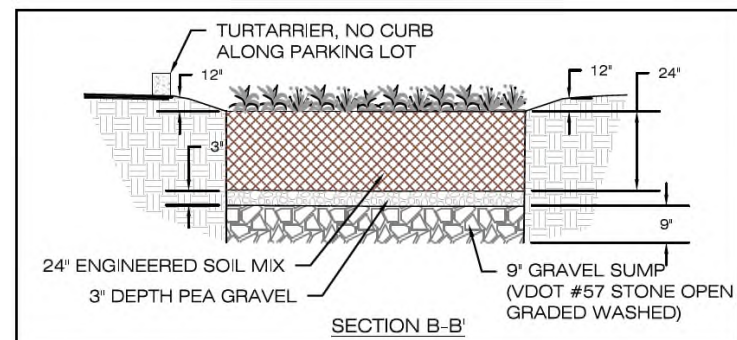
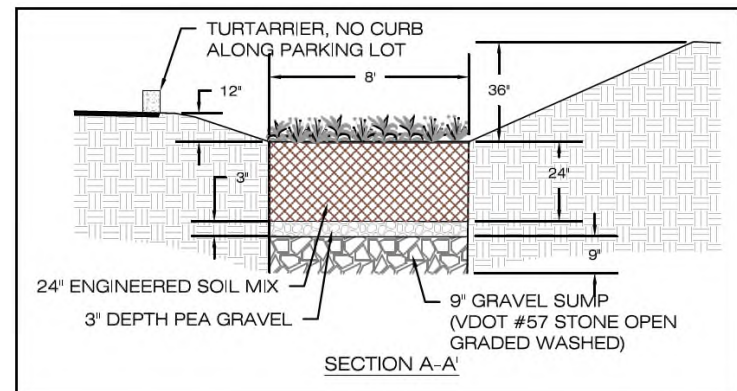
## SIZING CALCULATIONS, DRY SWALE LEVEL 2:

POST DEVELOPMENT TREATMENT VOLUME REQUIRED  
 $T_v = 2,735 \text{ C.F.}$   
SOIL MEDIA DEPTH = 24 IN  
PEA GRAVEL = 3 IN  
GRAVEL SUMP = 9 IN  
STORAGE DEPTH = DEPTH  $\times$  VOID RATIO  
 $= (24 \times 0.25) + (12 \times 0.4) = 10.8 \text{ IN} = 0.9 \text{ FT}$   
DRY SWALE LEVEL 2 SURFACE AREA REQUIRED  
 $= (1.1 \times T_v) / \text{STORAGE DEPTH} = 2,735 / 0.9 = 3,342 \text{ S.F.}$   
SURFACE AREA PROVIDED = 4,782 S.F.  
TREATMENT VOLUME PROVIDED = 4,303 C.F.

## VELOCITY COMPUTATIONS:

CROSS-SECTION A-A' MODELED  
SLOPE = 1.5%  
DIMENSIONS:  
SIDE SLOPES = 3:1, BOTTOM WIDTH = 8'  
DEPTH 10 YR = 0.42 FT  
RH 10 YR = 0.37  
SHEAR STRESS 10 YR = 0.35 LB/S.F.  
VELOCITY 10 YR = 2.33 FT/S

VELOCITY AND SHEAR STRESSES MEET  
TURF AND VEGETATION ALLOWABLE  
VALUES



40' 0' 20' 40'





# Dry Swale (P-CNV-02)

**This design is allowable, however, a geotechnical report should be requested to ensure the soil meets the minimum infiltration rate for designs without underdrains**

## PROPOSED DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS:

AREA = 1.9 ACRES  
IMPERVIOUS ACREAGE = 0.65 ACRES  
OPEN SPACE/ FOREST ACREAGE = 0.65 ACRES  
MANAGED TURF ACREAGE = 0.50 ACRES  
CURVE NUMBER: 81  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION: 5 MINUTES  
1 YR DISCHARGE = 2.33 CFS  
2 YR DISCHARGE = 4.43 CFS  
10 YR DISCHARGE = 9.13 CFS

## PHOSPHOROUS REDUCTION CALCULATIONS:

LOAD TO BMP = 1.66 LBS  
MASS LOADING EFFICIENCY = 76%  
VOLUME TO BMP = 2642 C.F.  
RUNOFF REDUCTION BY PRACTICE  
= 1,585 C.F.  
TOTAL LOAD REDUCTION BY PRACTICE  
= 1.26 LB/YR  
TOTAL PHOSPHOROUS LOAD REMAINING  
= 0.40 LBS

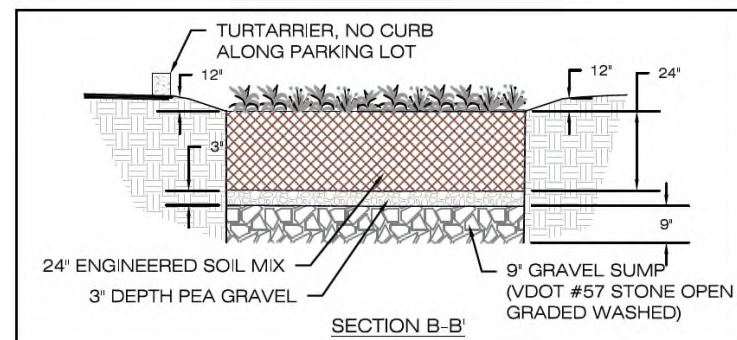
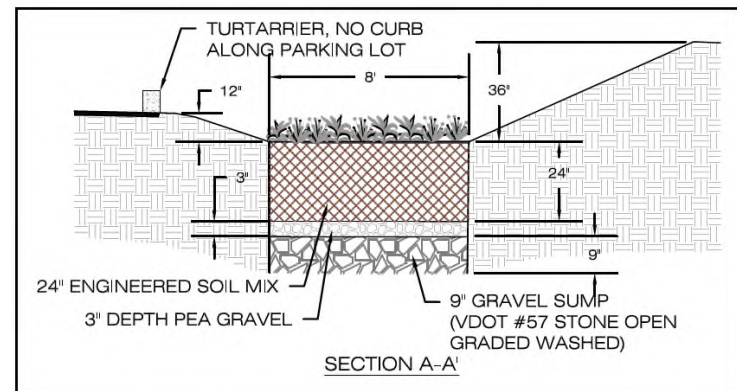
## SIZING CALCULATIONS, DRY SWALE LEVEL 2:

POST DEVELOPMENT TREATMENT VOLUME REQUIRED  
 $T_v = 2,735 \text{ C.F.}$   
SOIL MEDIA DEPTH = 24 IN  
PEA GRAVEL = 3 IN  
GRAVEL SUMP = 9 IN  
STORAGE DEPTH = DEPTH  $\times$  VOID RATIO  
 $= (24 \times 0.25) + (12 \times 0.4) = 10.8 \text{ IN} = 0.9 \text{ FT}$   
DRY SWALE LEVEL 2 SURFACE AREA REQUIRED  
 $= (1.1 \times T_v) / \text{STORAGE DEPTH} = 2,735 / 0.9 = 3,342 \text{ S.F.}$   
SURFACE AREA PROVIDED = 4,782 S.F.  
TREATMENT VOLUME PROVIDED = 4,303 C.F.

## VELOCITY COMPUTATIONS:

CROSS-SECTION A-A' MODELED  
SLOPE = 1.5%  
DIMENSIONS:  
SIDE SLOPES = 3:1, BOTTOM WIDTH = 8'  
DEPTH 10 YR = 0.42 FT  
RH 10 YR = 0.37  
SHEAR STRESS 10 YR = 0.35 LB/S.F.  
VELOCITY 10 YR = 2.33 FT/S

VELOCITY AND SHEAR STRESSES MEET  
TURF AND VEGETATION ALLOWABLE  
VALUES



40' 0' 20' 40'

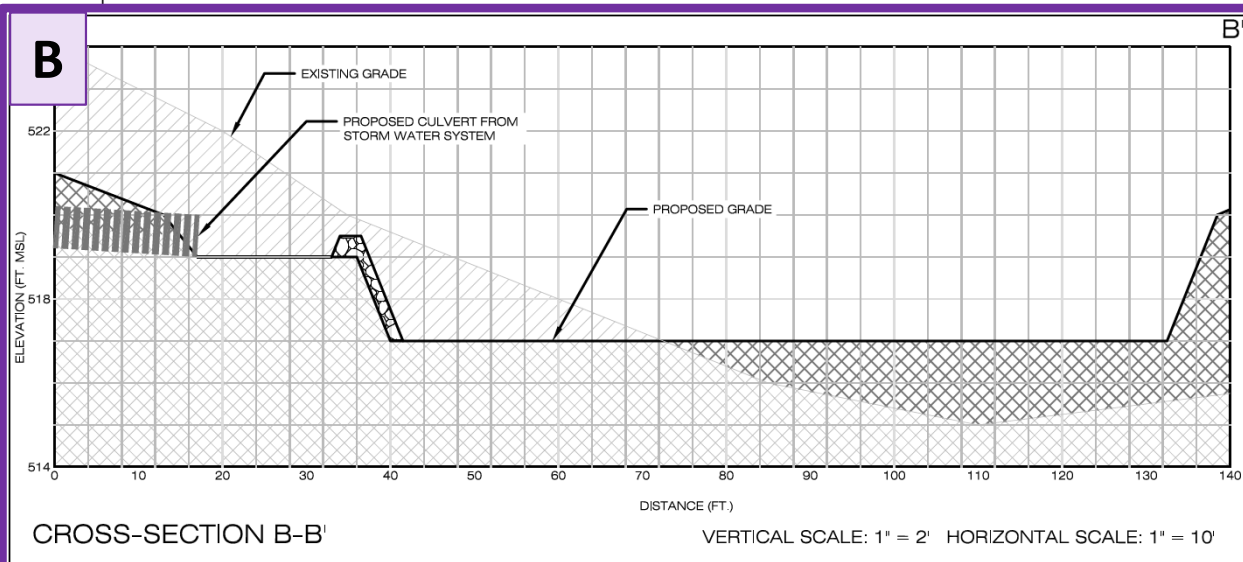
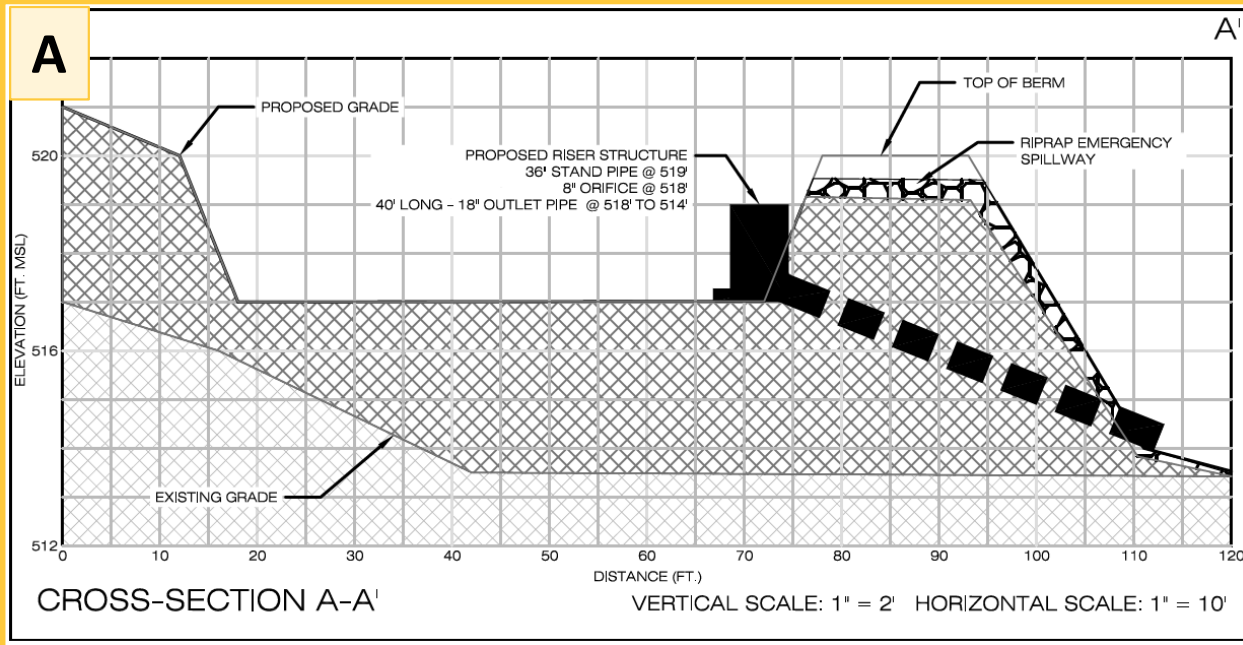
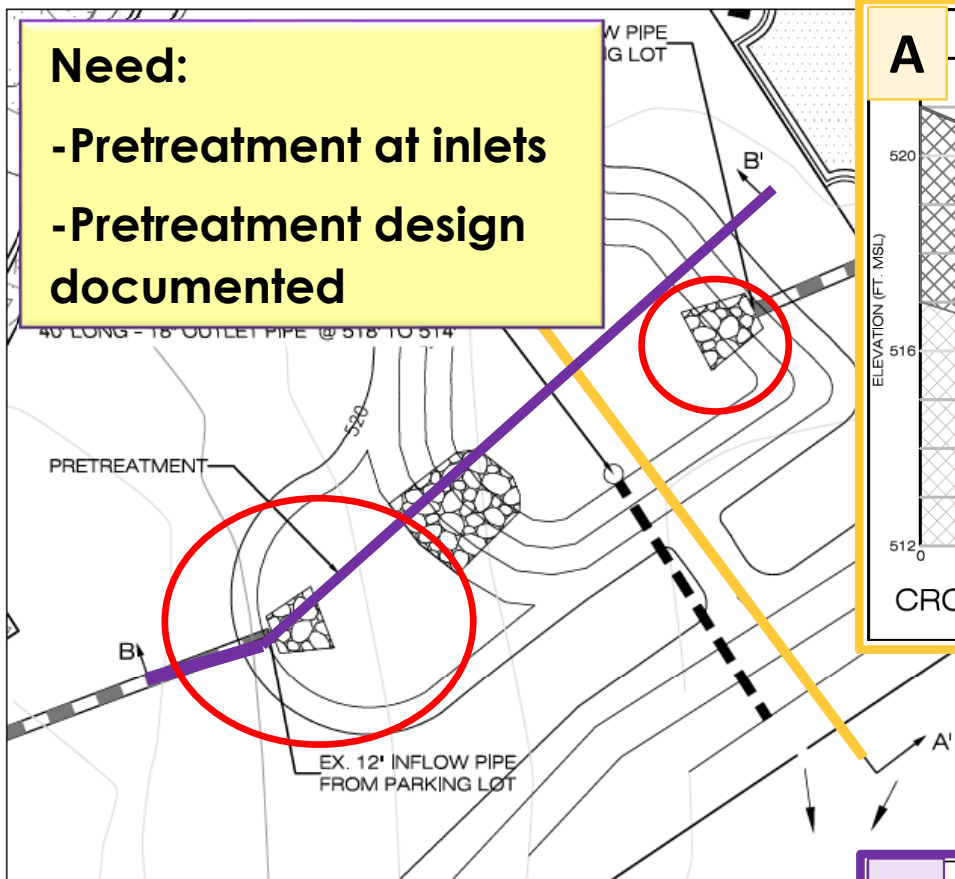


# Extended Detention Pond

# Extended Detention (P-BAS-03)

## Need:

- Pretreatment at inlets
- Pretreatment design documented



PROPOSED DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS:  
AREA = 4.67 ACRES  
IMPERVIOUS ACREAGE = 0.6 ACRES  
OPEN SPACE/ FOREST ACREAGE = 0.65 ACRES  
MANAGED TURF ACREAGE = 0.50 ACRES  
CURVE NUMBER: 81  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION: 5 MINUTES

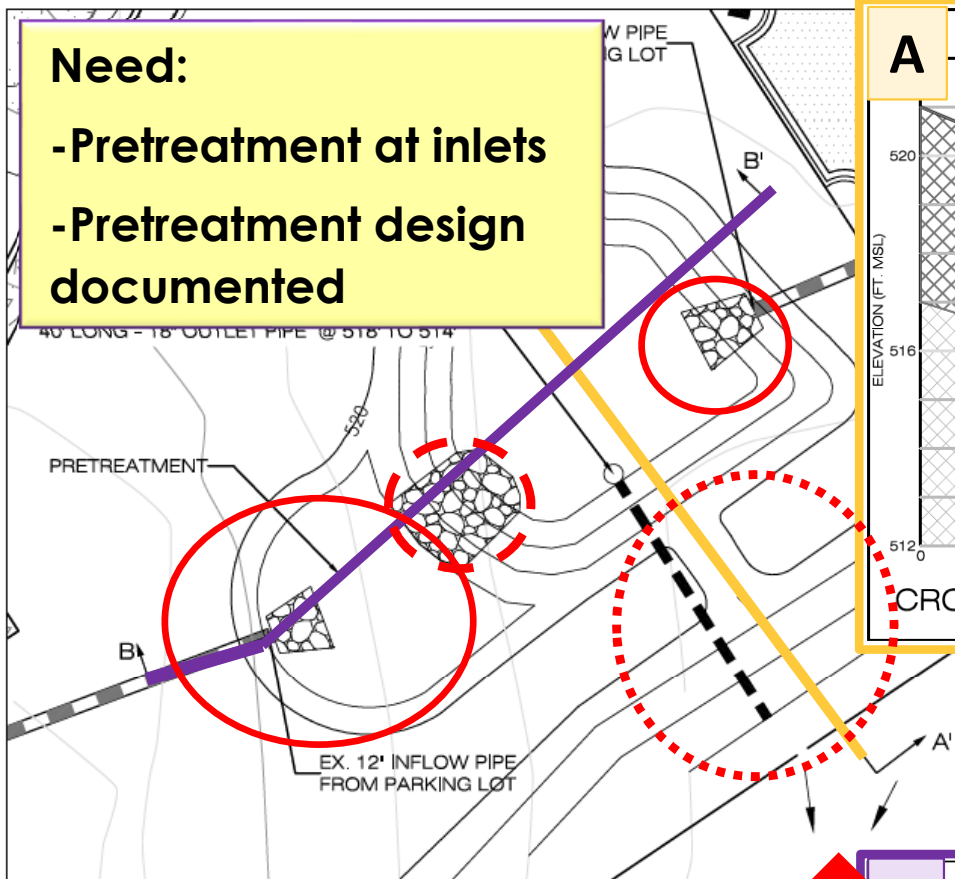
BMP DESIGN DISCHARGES			
	IN	OUT	ELEVATION (FT)
Q1	5.99	3.17	518.7
Q2	9.57	7.08	519.2
Q10	11.93	12.02	519.8



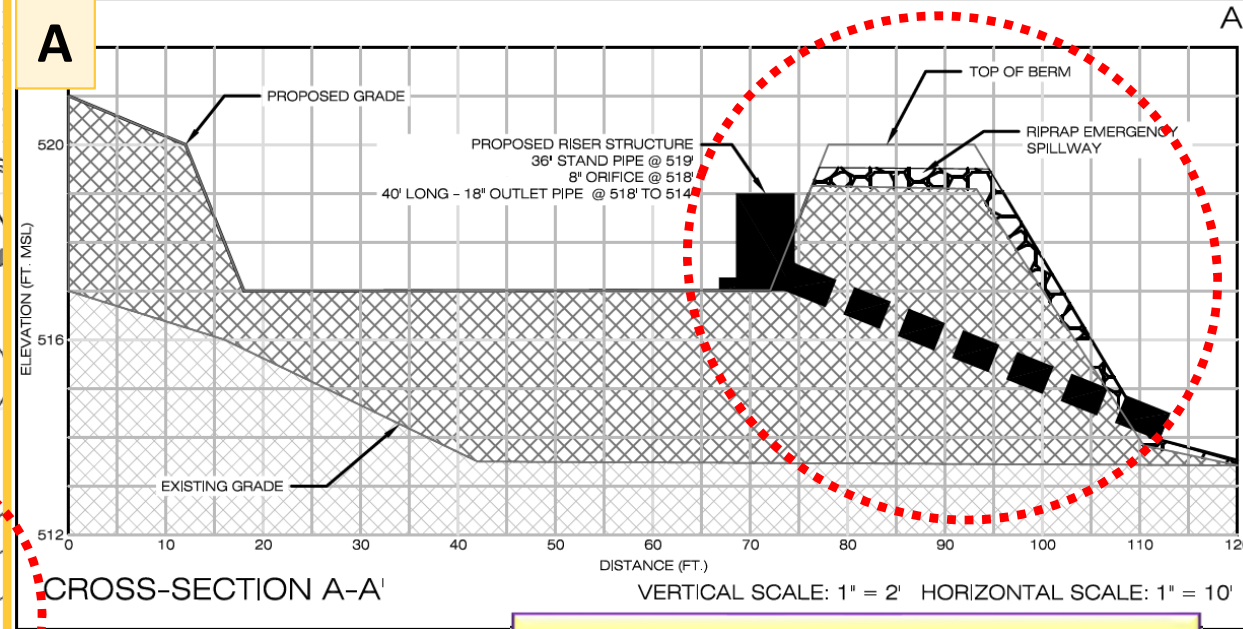
# Extended Detention (P-BAS-03)

## Need:

- Pretreatment at inlets
- Pretreatment design documented

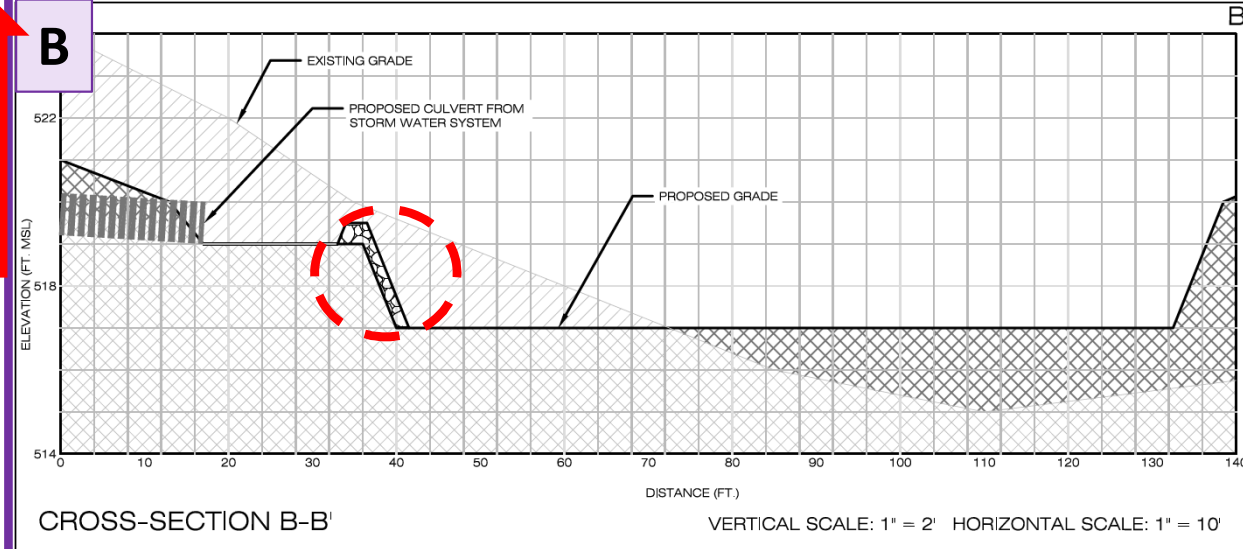


A



Need computations for  
riprap sizing and spillway  
computations

B



Need channel  
from outlet of  
basin to exit of site

PROPOSED DRAINAGE AREA C  
AREA = 4.67 ACRES  
IMPERVIOUS ACREAGE =  
OPEN SPACE/ FOREST AC  
MANAGED TURF ACREAG  
CURVE NUMBER: 81  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION: 5 M

BMP DESIGN DISC

	IN	OUT	ELEVATION (FT)
Q1	5.99	3.17	518.7
Q2	9.57	7.08	519.2
Q10	11.93	12.02	519.8



# Bonus *(Flood Protection?)*

- Narrative (p. 5) implies flooding is occurring at road culvert
- Decrease 10-year discharge to 15.9 cubic feet per second (cfs), which is less than the existing discharge (17.5 cfs)
- Reduce headwater elevation at the culvert from 517.6 feet to 516.7 feet

# Question 6 *(Volume in ED enough?)*

What volume will be needed to meet criteria?

$q_{\text{allowable}} = 2.4 \text{ cfs}$       Required storage = 0.14 acre feet

Narrative, p. 20

## Pond Summary

Label	Scenario	Return Event (years)	Hydrograph Volume (ac-ft)	Time to Peak (hours)	Peak Flow (ft <sup>3</sup> /s)	Maximum Water Surface Elevation (ft)	Maximum Pond Storage (ac-ft)
Extended Detention (IN)	1-Year	1	0.404	11.930	5.99	(N/A)	(N/A)
Extended Detention (OUT)	1-Year	1	0.441	12.080	3.17	518.70	0.080
Extended							

The one-year storage volume provided will not be sufficient

## Question 7 *(Any info missing?)*

Where did the other 0.4 acres go?

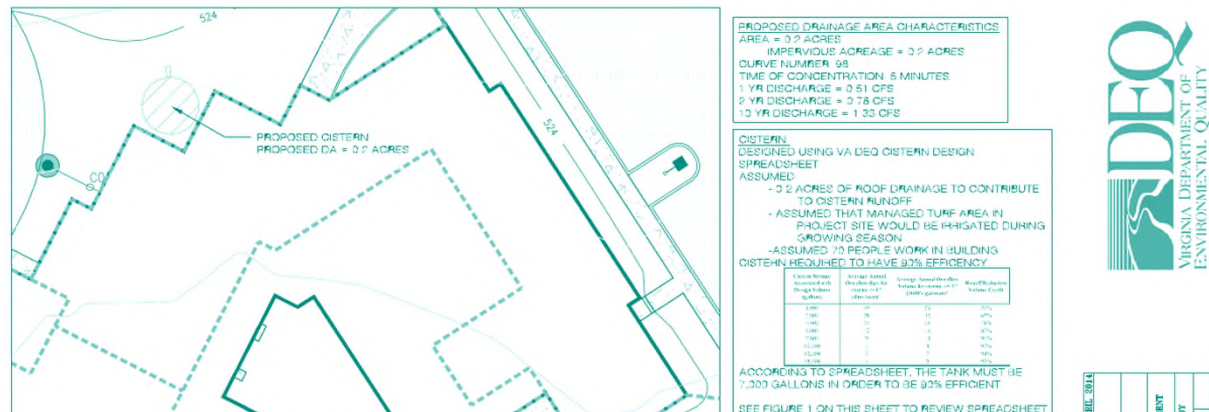
It's important to evaluate all outfalls from a site, even if they are not the primary outfall.

Other outfalls could be negatively affected if more drainage is being forced to flow to other areas.

# Answer Summary

Post-development total phosphorous load	2.97 lb/yr
Total phosphorus load reduction required	1.23 lb/yr
Target treatment volume	8,231 cubic feet (cf)
Average efficiency needed	41%
Allowable discharge from site	2.8 cfs
Storage volume required to comply with water quantity requirements	0.14 acre feet (6,290 cf)

# Questions? Comments?



**Exercise Solution PowerPoints  
available on ELMS**

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